By Fax: 1-867-920-4761



October 11, 2001

Mr. Louie Azzolini
Environmental Assessment Officer
Mackenzie Valley Environmental Impact Review Board
PO Box 938, 200 Scotia Centre, 5102 – 50th Ave.
Yellowknife, NT
XIA 2N7

Dear Mr. Azzolini:

Re: Responses to Information Requests - Environmental Assessments - Prairie Creek Mine

Phase II Mineral Exploration Drilling Program

(Land Use Application MV 2001C0022; MVEIRB File EA01-003)

Metallurgical Pilot Plant Program

(Water Licence Application MV2001L2-0003; MVEIRB File EA01-002)

Underground Decline and Exploration Drilling

(Land Use Application MV2001C0023; MVEIRB File EA01-002)

In follow up to my teleconference call with yourself, Joe Acorn and Greg Yeoman of CPAWS on October 5, 2001, I am pleased to provide Canadian Zinc's responses to the two Information Requests directed to DIAND as submitted by CPAWS on July 4, 2001.

As agreed, I have contacted DIAND and discussed means by which the information necessary to adequately respond to these IR's may be provided to the Review Board. It is my understanding that DIAND's legal obligations under the Freedom of Information Act prevent direct disclosure of such information to a public body such as the MVEIRB. As a result, I have, with the concurrence of DIAND, taken the other alternative we discussed, that being to respond to these IR's directly.

It is my understanding, based on our discussions, that upon receipt of this information the Public Registry will remain open for one week, after which time it will be closed and the process brought to a timely conclusion as set out in the Work Plan. If there is any deviation from this, I would appreciate being notified at your earliest convenience.

Yours very truly,

CANADIAN ZINC CORPORATION

J. Peter Campbell VP Project Affairs

Suite 1202-700 Wost Pender Street
Vancouver, BC V6C 1G8
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October 11, 2001

Canadian Zinc Corporation Environmental Assessments Response to Information Request

Information Request:

Date:

July 4, 2001

From:

Greg Yeoman, CPAWS-NWT

Subject:

Surface Lease 'Overhold Tenancy'

Objective:

To obtain information for the public registry on the legal mechanism by which

Canadian Zinc occupies the Prairie Creek minesite

Request:

We request that DIAND supply the following:

- 1) A definition and description, with specific reference to relevant legislation, of a surface lease in overhold tenancy.
- 2) A description of the legal mechanism by which Canadian Zinc occupies the Prairie Creek mine site, including the rights and responsibilities it grants, any conditions placed on their occupancy, the expiration date, and the process for renewal.
- 3) A description of why Canadian Zinc is in an overhold tenancy position.
- 4) A copy of the surface lease and/or overhold tenancy agreement for the Prairie Creek minesite, to be placed in the public registry.

Response:

CZN does not believe that the overholding tenancy status of the surface leases at Prairie Creek is relevant to the environmental assessments currently before the Review Board. However, recognizing the need of the Review Board to assess the relevance of this Information Request CZN, with the concurrence of DIAND, offers the following summarization of the status of the surface leases and the overholding tenancy issue.

Canadian Zinc currently occupies the area of the Prairie Creek minesite through several forms of tenure. Mineral claims and mining leases issued pursuant to the Canada Mining Regulations and Surface Leases issued pursuant to the Territorial Lands Regulations, each of which were promulgated subject to the Territorial Lands Act. Details of such land tenure were provided to the Review Board by Canadian Zinc in conjunction with previous submissions and placed on the Public Registry.



The surface lease component of the land tenure position is comprised of Lease No. 95F/10-7-2 covering the immediate of the area minesite and Lease No. 95F/10-5-3 covering the airstrip. The surface leases, which provide surface tenure, overlie a portion of Mineral Leases 2932 and 2931, which provide the mineral and mining rights. The surface leases are standard form lease documents which represent legal agreement between the Company and the Government of Canada as it relates to the use and occupancy of the specified area. The rights conferred by lease are as provided for under the Territorial Lands Act and Regulations.

The current leases were issued in the name of Procan Exploration Company Limited on November 12, 1987 and subsequently amended as in the name of Nanisivik Mines Ltd. on August 19, 1991. The Leases were subsequently assigned to San Andreas Resources Corporation on June 18, 1993 in conjunction with the purchase of the property. San Andreas Resources Corporation changed its name to Canadian Zinc Corporation on May 25, 1999. Again, such details have been previously provided by Canadian Zinc and placed on the Public Registry.

The surface leases were issued with an initial term of 10 years from April 1, 1987 to March 31, 1997, with provision for renewal for a further 10 years. A request for renewal was made by the Company on January 24, 1997. The Leases were subsequently placed in overholding tenancy with payment of the annual rental in 1997 pending preparation of renewal leases. By mutual consent, the leases have been allowed to remain in overholding tenancy since that time with the Company continuing to pay the annual rentals and maintain the leases in good standing. During this time the Company and DIAND have continued to actively negotiate in good faith as to the terms and conditions of the renewal leases as they specifically relate to the Company's ongoing care and maintenance activity and its goal to place the mine back in production in the near future.

Canadian Zinc is not in a position to provide a legal opinion as to the definition of "overholding tenancy" within the current legislative regime. However, an analogy has been expressed, which may be useful in helping reviewers understand the circumstances surrounding this subject, that it is similar to a situation where a tenant has rented an apartment for a specified length of time under a lease which has subsequently expired and the tenant and landlord have mutually agreed that the tenant may continue to occupy the premises by continuing to pay the agreed upon rent and meeting such other obligations as set out in the lease.

The surface leases are integral to the continued use and occupancy of the Prairie Creek minesite by Canadian Zinc. To the best of the Company's knowledge all of the terms and conditions of the leases have been complied with and the leases remain in good standing. It is the Company's intention to continue to maintain the leases in good standing in anticipation of and throughout active mining operations.

CZN does not believe it is appropriate or necessary to place the existing long standing and legally binding lease agreement on the Public Registry. Such agreements are typically considered commercially confidential. Other such legally binding agreements, such as the Prairie Creek Development Cooperation Agreement entered into between the Company and the Nahanni Butte Dene Band, are treated in a similar confidential manner.

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October 11, 2001

Canadian Zinc Corporation Environmental Assessments Response to Information Request

Information Request:

Date:

July 4, 2001

From:

Greg Yeoman, CPAWS-NWT

Subject:

Draft Reclamation Costing Model for Prairie Creek Minesite

Objective:

To obtain information for the public registry on mitigation of environmental

impacts specific to the Prairie Creek mine.

Request:

For DIAND to place a copy of the Draft Reclamation Costing Model for Prairie Creek Minesite, and any subsequent versions of the report, in the

public registry.

Response:

CZN does not believe that the Draft Reclamation Costing Model requested to be placed on the Public Registry, or the cost information contained therein, are relevant to the environmental assessments currently before the Review Board.

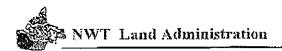
The referenced report consists of a preliminary mine reclamation cost estimate for the Prairie Creek mine prepared internally by DIAND in 1998. Four separate estimates based on different assumptions were created using the Reclaim V.3.1 reclamation cost-estimating model software program developed for DIAND. The estimates reflect conditions at the site in 1998 and bear no relation to activities proposed in the current development application before the Review Board for assessment.

The reclamation cost estimates so produced were an office exercise conducted at arms length from the property. CZN did not participate in the costing exercise and does not endorse the validity or agree with the accuracy of these estimates.

The reclamation cost estimate report contains calculations of costs to undertake specific aspects of reclamation activity considered necessary to reclaim the property from its present state back to as close to its original state as practical. These cost estimates, even though not agreed to by the Company, could be assumed by outsiders to reflect a financial liability to the Company. As such these costs and the calculations used to determine them must be considered commercially confidential.

However, recognizing the need of the Review Board to assess the relevance of this Information Request, CZN, with the concurrence of DIAND, is prepared to sanction release of the report with the confidential information excluded. Accordingly, a copy of the Prairie Creek Mine Reclamation Report with the costs and units of calculation whited-out is appended for review and placement on the Public Registry.

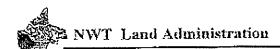
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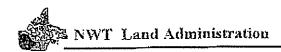
Prairie Creek Mine Reclamation Project

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OVERVIEW

San Andreas Resources Corporation own the Prairie Creek Mine property which contains reserves of zinc, lead, copper and silver. The mine is located in the Eastern Mackenzie Mountains within the South Mining District of the Northwest Territories. It is 180 k west of Fort Simpson at latitude 61°33' N and longitude 124°48' W. The mine is situated on Prairie Creek, 17 km from the boundary of the Nahanni National Park Reserve

The Prairie Creek property was first staked in 1958. Following the discovery and exploration of Zinc and Lead mineralization, Surface site construction and preproduction development was carried out in 1981 and 1982. Cadillac Exploration received a water licence for this project in July of 1982. When they could not raise sufficient funding in concert with low silver prices, project development ceased leaving the plant, equipment and camp in it's original state.

San Andreas acquired interest and development in the property in 1991. Further exploration has taken place at the site and the current owners are taking steps towards the possible reopening of the mine. The original water licence issued to Cadillac Resource has expired and San Andreas have carried out a small drilling program operating under the conditions of a land use permit. San Andreas also have a lease on an adjacent property for a 3000' airstrip. The leases for both properties expired March 31st 1998 and the lessee has requested renewal.

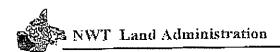
On March 12th, 1998, The Manager of Land Administration requested the annual rental payment from San Andreas to place the leases in over-holding tenancy for one year in order to finalize negotiations on the terms and conditions of the renewal leases.

The purpose of this report is to provide preliminary reclamation cost estimates of the Prairie Creek Mine site to assist with discussions Land Administration will have with the Department of Justice in finalizing and negotiating the security deposit requirements on these leases.

Documents reviewed in completing this report included the most recent site inspection reports, current lease agreements with an attached "Abandonment and Restoration Plan", the "Project Description Report" prepared by San Andreas, site maps, photographs and inventory lists. Kent Halvorson, Resource Management Officer in Fort Simpson, Neill Thompson, Brian Collins and David Jessiman in the Water Management Division, were also contacted for additional information on this project.

The four (4) estimates provided in this report were developed using "RECLAIM: VERSION 3.1", a mine reclamation cost estimating model developed for DIAND's Water Resources Division. "RECLAIM" was developed as a tool for government agencies, mining companies, and others to estimate the cost of mine reclamation. The "RECLAIM" Model is not intended to replace site reclamation planning nor can it be used to determine the activities required to reclaim a site. It is simply intended as a tool to facilitate cost estimating and to compare costs of alternative reclamation plans.

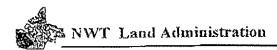
DIAND is not responsible for the completeness or accuracy of any reclamation estimate made using this model. The user agrees to check and take responsibility for all aspects of any cost estimate made using this model



RECLAMATION COST SUMMARIES

Four reclamation cost summaries with cost assumptions are presented in this report. The first three summaries deal with the mine site on lease 95 F/10-5-3 and fourth summary deals with the Airstrip on lease 95 F/10-7-2. Annual on-going monitoring and maintenance costs for 10 years are also shown in the table below. The "RECLAIM" Model includes a sensitivity analyses function for comparing a LOW and HIGH costs in the Unit Cost Summary Table. The estimates provided in this report are based on the HIGH cost assumptions ignoring the "H" and "L" suffix on cost codes.

Summary	Assumption	* Capital	Total M&M Costs
No. 1	Based on the current "Abandonment and Restoration Plan". which forms part of the current lease agreement. Tailings pond remains intact. Bulk fuel & oil is incinerated using a low cost per litre estimate.	٠. ٢	
No. 2	Similar to No. 1 but allows for restoration of tailings pond area and petroleum products incinerated using a high cost per litre estimate.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
No. 3	Based on re-opening the winter road to allow for the disposal of all equipment and buildings on site and the removal of all petroleum products using the winter road.		
	Note: The opening of the winter road is a conservative estimate of San Andreas quote a cost as high as to upgrade the 165 km winter access road to an all weather route.		
No. 4	Based on the decommission and closure of the airstrip		



RECLAMATION ACTIVITIES

Cost Summary No. 1

Cost Summary No. 2

Cost Summary No. 3

Cost Summary No. 4

Prance Creek Mine

HIGH estimate for unit costs; ignoring "H" and "L" suffix on cost code

CAPITAL COST	COMPONENT TYPE	TOTAL
COMPONENT NAME		cost
	OPEN PIT	
	UNDERGROUND MINE	
	TAILINGS IMPOUNDMENT	
<i>N</i> aste Dumps A&B	ROCK PILE	
Mill Site and Surrounding Area	ROCK PILE	
	BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT	
	CHEMICALS & CONTAM, SOILS	
٠.	WATER MANAGEMENT	
	MOBÍLIZATION/DEMOBILIZATION	٠.
	ጎ	
SUBTOTAL		
PROJECT MANAGEMENT	% of subtotal	
ENGINEERING	% of subtotal	
CONTINGENCY	% of subtotal	
GRAND TOTAL - CAPITAL COSTS		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	MONITORING & MAINTENANCE	
CONTINGENCY	% of subtotal	
	monitor & maintenance - years	
TOTAL - ANNUAL ONGOING COSTS		
	•	4
ESTIMATED SALVAGE VALUE		

Prairie Creek Mine

HIGH estimate for unit costs; ignoring "H" and "L" suffix on cost code

CAPITAL COST	COMPONENT TYPE	TOTAL
COMPONENT NAME		COST
	OPEN PIT	
	UNDERGROUND MINE	
	TAILINGS IMPOUNDMENT	
Waste Dump A&B	ROCK PILE	
Mill and Building Site	ROCK PILE	-
	BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT	•••
	CHEMICALS & CONTAM. SOILS	
٠.	WATER MANAGEMENT	
	MOBILIZATION/DEMOBILIZATION	
	4	
SUBTOTAL		
PROJECT MANAGEMENT	: % of subtotal	
ENGINEERING	% of subtotal	
CONTINGENCY	% of subtotal	
GRAND TOTAL - CAPITAL COSTS		
	MONITORING & MAINTENANCE	
CONTINGENCY	% of subtotal	
TOTAL ANNUAL CUSCUE COCCO	Monitor & maintenance yrs	
TOTAL - ANNUAL ONGOING COSTS		
POTIBATED OALWACE WALLE		
ESTIMATED SALVAGE VALUE		

Prairie Creek Mine

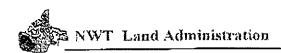
HIGH estimate for unit costs; ignoring "H" and "L" suffix on cost code

CAPITAL COST	COMPONENT TYPE	TOTAL
COMPONENT NAME		COST
	OPEN PIT	
	WAS CONCLAID MINE	
	UNDERGROUND MINE	
	TAILINGS IMPOUNDMENT	
Waste Dump A&B	ROCK PILE	
774555 \$411,177.		
Mill and Buldling Sites	ROCK PILE	
	BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT	
	CHEMICALS & CONTAM. SOILS	
•	WATER MANAGEMENT	
Re-open Winter Road	MOBILIZATION/DEMOBILIZATION	
	4	
SUBTOTAL		,
	W. 6 (L.)	-
PROJECT MANAGEMENT	% of subtotal	
ENGINEERING	% of subtotal	
CONTINOPNOV	% of subtotal	
CONTINGENCY	/6 G1 340 DE	
GRAND TOTAL - CAPITAL COSTS		
GIAND TOTAL TON TIME COURT		
	MONITORING & MAINTENANCE	
CONTINGENCY	% of subtotal Monitoring and Maintenance for years	
TOTAL - ANNUAL ONGOING COSTS	Midniming and Maintenance to your	
ESTIMATED SALVAGE VALUE		
EGINMIED SWEAMGE ANTOE		

Pratrie Creek Airstip

HIGH estimate for unit costs; ignoring "H" and "L" suffix on cost code

CAPITAL COST	COMPONENT TYPE	TOTAL
COMPONENT NAME		COST
	OPEN PIT	
	UNDERGROUND MINE	7
	TAILINGS IMPOUNDMENT	
	ROCK PILE	
	BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT	
	CHEMICALS & CONTAM, SOILS	
	WATER MANAGEMENT	
	MOBILIZATION/DEMOBILIZATION	
SUBTOTAL		
SUBTOTAL	4	
PROJECT MANAGEMENT	% of subtotal	
ENGINEERING	% of subtotal	
CONTINGENCY	% of subtotal	
	/	
GRAND TOTAL - CAPITAL COSTS		**************************************
	MONITORING & MAINTENANCE	
CONTINGENCY	10 % of subtotal	
TOTAL - ANNUAL ONGOING COSTS		
ESTIMATED SALVAGE VALUE		



COST ASSUMPTIONS

Summary No. 1

The "Abandonment and Restoration Plan" which forms part of the Prairies Creek Leases is attached as Schedule "A". It describes the action required with respect to the removal of Class A & B materials, equipment, Structure and buildings, concrete structures, surface services, underground entrances, mine ore stock pile, tailings pond, drainage and erosion control, oil drums and containers and general area conditions. Annex 1 & 2 of the schedule list the Class "A" & "B" materials. Annex 3 list those structure that are to be left intact. It is noted that the lessee has the option of either removing or leaving: class "B" materials, equipment, structure and buildings. It is expected that in the event that the Prairie Creek properties are abandoned the lessee will choose to leave buildings and equipment on site in a suitable location and condition.

UNDERGROUND MINE: COST ASSUMPTIONS

OBJECTIVE: Control Access

Block Roads Block roads and access to site. Access control berm based on ... m high berm

with m crest width, gives m3. over a length of m = . . m3. Cost based

on an excavate, load, short hall, high unit cost @ per cu. metre.

Block Adits Assumes each adits is m X m, volume of waste rock is m3 X =

m3 @ per cu m.

Block Portal portals blocked with concrete bulkheads allowing for each.

Hazardous Materials Remove hazardous and petroleum waste materials from underground (assumes

there is material) allow flat rate of

TAILINGS IMPOUNDMENT: COST ASSUMPTIONS

As per Schedule "A" of the Lease Agreement the Tailings Pond is to be left in its present condition

OBJECTIVE: Control Access:

Block Roads Block roads and access to tailings retention area. Access control berm

based on m high berm with m crest width, gives cu. m./m over a length of m = cu. m. Cost based on an excavate, load, short hall,

high unit cost @ per m3.

OBJECTIVE: Stabilize Bank

Repair Liner Allow for repairs

OBJECTIVE: Remove Tailings Discharge

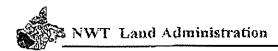
Tailings Line Remove and dispose of approximately metres of piping @ per

metre high cost rate

Pump House Remove and dispose of pump house, allowing

Prepared by Gary Magee - DIAND - File Location: C:\RECLAIM_\Prairie_Creek_Reclamation_Costs_2.wpd

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ROCK PILE: COST ASSUMPTIONS - COMPONENT NO. 1 WASTE DUMPS A & B

OBJECTIVE: Cover Dump

Waste Dump A - Garbage Dump

Cover Dump

Based on a cost of level and cover dump per cu m. -

m3 of material required to

Waste Dump B - Scrap Metal Dump

Cover

Based on a cost of

per cu m. -

m3 of material required to

level and cover dump

Waste Dump A & B

Vegetate

As required waste dump A&B - based on hectare, flat surface, high cost @

· per hectare.

ROCK PILE: COST ASSUMPTIONS - COMPONENT NO. 2 MILL SITE AND SURROUNDING AREA

OBJECTIVE: Scarify, Cover & Vegetate Site (as required)

- Based on site area (excludes building areas) of approximately hectares, scarify compacted soil and roads around building and vegetate
- ha @ ' Scarify -
- Vegetate ha @

BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT: COST ASSUMPTIONS

Equipment is to be stored inside existing structures or in other designated locations on the site

OBJECTIVE: Dispose Mobile & Stationary Equipment

Mobile:

Trucks, Graders, Dozers, and vehicles - decontaminate and dispose

units @

Stationary:

units @ Hoist, crusher, grinder, power plant, - decontaminate and dispose.

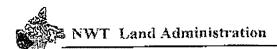
Autoclave decontaminate tanks and plumbing - lump sum

Surface Services Hydro lines and poles:

Approximately kilometre of power lines with poles. Cost based on per pole assumes that the poles are chemically treated and must be removed from site, poles taken down stock piled on site, insulators and wire removed and stock piled. Price includes labour, accommodation and mobilization. Does not include transport off the site to nearest centre for disposal. Estimate poles are spaced at metres. Allow at power plant Therefore . This is a high kilometres of poles with metre spacing = . poles @ = . cost estimate

NOTE: These estimates were provided with little information as to the conditions on site and the

Page 7 of 21



time of year to undertake the project. Costs could vary anywhere from a low of camp) to . . The remoteness of site and availability of on site equipment will also affect cost. Estimates provide by . in Yellowknife, February . 1998

OBJECTIVE: MOTHBALL BUILDINGS

All major structures left standing will have all openings securely sealed with timber

Mothball industrial use metal buildings with an average cost of and residences at an average cost of

CHEMICALS & CONTAMINATED SOILS: COST ASSUMPTIONS

Class "A" materials shall be disposed by either (a) on-site destruction or removal and disposal in a suitable manner.

LABORATORY CHEMICALS

The procedures, equipment and packaging for clean up and removal of chemicals or contaminated soils are highly dependent on the nature of the chemicals and their existing state of containment. Government guidelines should be considered very rough unless specific evaluations have been conducted. The quantities used to calculate the incineration of bulk fuel, gasoline, other petroleum products is considered a conservative estimate. The disposal of propane have not been included in these estimates.

Based on Chemical inventory annexed to schedule "A" of the lease agreement;

Removal of pallets based on a cost of per pallet (air freight charter cost)

PCB Based on current known PCB inventory on site

Remove and dispose of PCBs based on a cost of per kg

FUEL All fuel is to be incinerated on site

Type 1 P-50 There are steel bulk

storage tanks on site. Current inventory is not known at this time. A conservative estimate of litres and a low cost of per litre

has been used to calculate cost of incineration.

Type 2 Gas There are steel storage

tanks. Current inventory not known. A conservative estimate of litres and a low cost of per litre has been used to calculate

cost of incineration

OIL All used lube-oil is to be incinerated on site

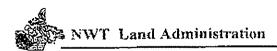
Cost based on bbls (black black) litres at a low cost of per litre. Empty barrels to

be crushed and disposed at reagent storage waste site.

CONTAMINATED SOILS

pcb contaminates @ per cu. m.

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tank farm soil disposal and replacement @

per cu. m.

MOBILIZATION / DEMOBILIZATION: COST ASSUMPTIONS

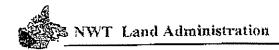
- to mobilize the camp -based on a cost of per person
- mobilize workers travel days man days @
- mobilize supplies charters @
- mobilize and house workers man days @

MONITORING AND MAINTENANCE

OBJECTIVE: INSPECTIONS

- Visual inspections @ __each
 Visual inspections @ __each
- Water sampling @ each
 Pagerting and analysis @
- Reporting and analysis @ `
 Miscellaneous supplies @ .

Note: It has yet to be determined if a water treatment plant is required on site. As such the cost of water treatment is not known at this time.



COST ASSUMPTIONS

Summary No. 2

The reclamation activities here are similar to Summary No. 1 with exception of the tailings impoundment area which is being drained and backfilled. Also disposal of fuel is based on a HIGH cost unit value of per litre to incinerate.

UNDERGROUND MINE: COST ASSUMPTIONS

OBJECTIVE: Control Access

Block Roads Block roads and access to site. Access control berm based on migh berm

with m crest width, gives m3. over a length of m = 1 m3. Cost based

on an excavate, load, short hall, high unit cost @ per cu. metre.

Block Adits Assumes each adits is m X m, volume of waste rock is m3 X =

m3 @ . per cu m.

Block Portal portals blocked with concrete bulkheads allowing for each.

Hazardous Materials Remove hazardous and petroleum waste materials from underground (assumes

there is material) allow

TAILINGS IMPOUNDMENT: COST ASSUMPTIONS

It is assumed that because the mine did not go into production contamination in the pond is minimal. Two internal dykes will be built dividing the pond into three sections which will work as a settling and polishing pond. The last cell will be drained into the river with a 2 stage weir system to control the flow Sludge (assuming it is not contaminated) will be consolidated, moved to the NE corner of the pond area and covered. Remove and dispose of the liner. The dykes and retaining walls to be levelled backfilling the pond area. The area will be graded to re-establish the shore and flood plane areas.

OBJECTIVE: Stabilize Embankment

- Construction Dykes Based on a low cost of m3 to excavate haul and

compact. Estimated material required 1st dyke = m3, 2nd

dyke = ' m3

• Flatten dykes Based on a low cost of m3 to level and backfill pond area.

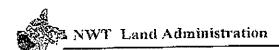
Sediment is to be covered and graded. Total volume of material

estimated at `m3.

Liner Remove and dispose of liner based on a flat rate of

OBJECTIVE: Stabilize decant system

Pump House Remove and dispose based on flat rate of.



OBJECTIVE: Remove Tailings Discharge

Based on a low cost of per m remove and dispose of approximately m of piping

OBJECTIVE: Specialized Items

Large pump required to decant pond - allow

ROCK PILE COST ASSUMPTIONS

COMPONENT No. 1 Waste Dumps A, B & C

OBJECTIVE: Cover Dump

Waste Dump "A" - Garbage Dump

Cover Dump Based on a cost of per com. - cum. of material required to

level and cover dump

Waste Dump "B" - Scrap Metal Dump

Cover Based on a cost of per co m. - cu m. of material required to

level and cover dump

Waste Dump "C" - Reagent Site

Cover Based on a cost of per m3 - estimate m3of material

required to level and cover dump.

Vegetate As required, waste dump A, B & C - based on hectare, flat surface,

low cost @ per hectare

COMPONENT No.2 Mill & Buildings Site Areas

OBJECTIVE: Stabilize ore stock pile

Level Based on a cost of m3 to level, spread and cover ore stock pile.

Short haul high cost

OBJECTIVE: Scarify, Cover & Vegetate Site

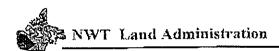
Based on a building site area of approximately hectares, scarify compacted soil and roads around building, cover concrete slabs with soil, and re-vegetate as required.

Break floor slabs m2 @

Scarify - ha @

Cover floor slabs - m2 @

Vegetate - as required : ha @ ...



BUILDING AND EQUIPMENT COST ASSUMPTIONS

OBJECTIVE: Dispose Mobile Equipment

Mobile

Trucks, Graders, Dozers, and vehicles - decontaminate and dispose

units @

OBJECTIVE: Dispose Stationary Equipment

Stationary:

Hoist, crusher, grinder, power plant - decontaminate and dispose

units @

Hydro lines and poles

Approximately kilometre of power lines with poles. Cost based on per pole assumes that the poles are chemically treated and must be removed from site, poles taken down stock piled on site, insulators and wire removed and stock piled. Price includes labour, accommodation and mobilization. Does not include transport off the site to nearest centre for disposal. Estimate poles are spaced at metres. Allow at power plant Therefore kilometres of poles with metre spacing = poles @ = This is a high cost estimate

NOTE: These estimates were provided with little information as to the conditions on site and the time of year to undertake the project. Costs could vary anywhere from a low of (controlled camp) to The remoteness of site and availability of on site equipment will also affect cost. Estimates provide by Yellowknife, February , 1998

OBJECTIVE: Remove/mothball buildings

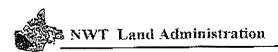
Buildings 1 (metal & wood)

All buildings except mill are to be torn-down and removed to reagent site for disposal. Cost based on m2 of steel buildings @ m2 and m2 frame buildings @

The Mill (____m2) will NOT be torn down. It will be decontaminated and sealed to prevent access.

OBJECTIVE: Grade and contour

Drill Pads Grade, contour and vegetate as required drill pads (approximately hectares, @ per ha.



CHEMICALS & CONTAMINATED SOILS: COST ASSUMPTIONS

Class "A" materials shall be disposed by either (a) on-site destruction or removal and disposal in a suitable manner.

LABORATORY CHEMICALS

The procedures, equipment and packaging fro clean up and removal of chemicals or contaminated soils are highly dependent on the nature of the chemicals and their existing state of containment. Government guidelines should be considered very rough unless specific evaluations have been conducted. The incineration of bulk fuel and oil was calculated using a high cost code of litre. However in some sites cost have been as high as litre. Incineration cost estimates provided by Propane quantities are unknown and are not included in these estimates.

Based on Chemical inventory annexed to schedule "A" of the lease agreement;

Removal of pallets based on a cost of per pallet (air freight charter cost)

PCB Based on current known PCB inventory on site

Remove and dispose of PCBs based on a cost of per kg

FUEL All fuel is to be incinerated on site

Type 1 P-50 There are steel bulk

storage tanks on site. Current inventory is not known at this time. A conservative estimate of litres and a HIGH cost of per

litre has been used to calculate cost of incineration.

Type 2 Gas There are steel storage

tanks. Current inventory not known. A conservative estimate of

litres and a HIGH cost of per litre has been used to

calculate cost of incineration

OIL All used lube-oil is to be incinerated on site

Cost based on () litres at a HIGH cost of per litre. Empty barrels to

be crushed and disposed at reagent storage waste site.

CONTAMINATED SOILS

pcb contaminates @ per cu. m.

tank farm soil replacement @ per cu. m.

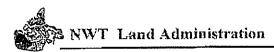
WATER MANAGEMENT COST ASSUMPTIONS

OBJECTIVE: Treat Drainage (see "Ongoing Treatment")

Soil Sampling Program - Complete a detailed inventory of site.
 Allow includes report. Inventory will reveal extent of contamination of site and required remedial action.

Prepared by Gary Magee - DIAND - File Location: C:\RECLAIM_\Praine_Creek_Reclamation_Costs_2.wpd

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MOBILIZATION/DEMOBILIZATION COST ASSUMPTIONS

OBJECTIVE: Mobilize Camp & Workers

Mobilize camp < persons @ transportation in and out of camp trips each

Mobilize workers < .@. per day X ... man days

Mobilize Misc Supplies - X charters

Mobilize & House Workers man days X

MONITORING AND MAINTENANCE COST ASSUMPTIONS

OBJECTIVE: Inspections

Visual Inspections Based on a cost of each

Water Sampling require each year at a HIGH cost of each

Reporting Based on a high cost for - consultant, site visit & report of

COST ASSUMPTIONS

Summary No. 3

UNDERGROUND MINE COST ASSUMPTIONS

OBJECTIVE: Control Access

Block Roads Block roads and access to site. Access control berm based on

m high berm with m crest width, gives m3 over a length of m=m3. Cost based on an excavate, load, short hall,

high unit cost @ per m3.

Block Adits Assumes each adits is m X m, volume of waste rock is

 $m3 \times = m3 @ per m3.$

Block Portal portals blocked with concrete bulkheads allowing

· for each.

Hazardous Materials Remove hazardous and petroleum waste materials from

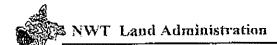
underground (assumes there is material) allow

TAILINGS IMPOUNDMENT: COST ASSUMPTIONS

Assuming that there are no environmental concerns the tailings pond is to be left in its present condition with improvements to the banks.

OBJECTIVE: Control Access:

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Block Roads

Block roads and access to tailings retention area.. Access control berm based on m high berm with m crest width, gives cu. m./m over a length of m = m3. Cost based on an excavate, load, short hall, HIGH unit cost @ per m3

OBJECTIVE: Stabilize Bank

Stabilize banks

Allow a flat rate of

OBJECTIVE: Remove Tailings Discharge

Tailings Line

Remove and dispose of approximately

metres of piping @

per metre.

Pump House

Remove and dispose of pump house, allowing

ROCK PILE COST ASSUMPTIONS

COMPONENT No. 1 Waste Dumps A&B

OBJECTIVE: Cover Dump

Waste Dump "A" - Garbage Dump

- Cover Dump Based of

Based on a cost of per co m. -

cu m. of material required to

level and cover dump

Waste Dump "B" - Scrap Metal Dump

Cover

Based on a cost of

per co m. -

cu m. of material required to

level and cover dump

Waste Dump "C" - Reagent Site

Cover

Based on a cost of

per m3 - estimate

m3of material

required to level and cover dump.

Vegetate

As required, waste dump A, B & C - based on

hectare, flat surface,

low cost @ per hectare

COMPONENT No.2 Mill & Buildings Site Areas

OBJECTIVE: Stabilize Ore Stock Pile

Flatten and cover ore stock pile based on

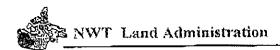
m3 @ high cost of

m3

OBJECTIVE: Scarify, Cover & Vegetate Site

Prepared by Gary Magee - DIAND - File Location: C:\RECLAIM_\Prairie_Creek_Reclamation_Costs_2.wpd

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- Based on mill and all building site area of approximately hectares, scarify compacted soil and roads around building, cover concrete slabs with soil, and revegetate.
- Break floor slabs . . . m2 @ .
- Scarify ha @
 - Cover floor slabs m2 @
- Vegetate ha @

BUILDING AND EQUIPMENT COST ASSUMPTIONS

OBJECTIVE: Dispose Mobile Equipment

Mobile:

Trucks, Graders, Dozers, and vehicles - decontaminate and dispose

units @

OBJECTIVE: Dispose Stationary Equipment

Stationary:

Hoist, crusher, grinder, power plant - decontaminate and dispose

units @

Hydro lines and poles

Approximately kilometre of power lines with poles. Cost based on per pole assumes that the poles are chemically treated and must be removed from site, poles taken down stock piled on site, insulators and wire removed and stock piled. Price includes labour, accommodation and mobilization. Does not include transport off the site to nearest centre for disposal. Estimate poles are spaced at metres. Allow at power plant Therefore kilometres of poles with metre spacing = poles @ = This is a high cost estimate

NOTE: These estimates were provided with little information as to the conditions on site and the time of year to undertake the project. Costs could vary anywhere from a low of (controlled camp) to . The remoteness of site and availability of on site equipment will also affect cost. Estimates provide by in Yellowknife, February , 1998

OBJECTIVE: Remove/mothball buildings

Buildings 1 (metal & wood)

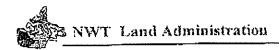
All buildings - torn-down and removed based on sq m of steel buildings @ m2 and m2 frame buildings burned @ m2.

OBJECTIVE: Grade and contour

drill pads (approximately

hectares) @

per ha. Vegetate as required



CHEMICALS & CONTAMINATED SOILS: COST ASSUMPTIONS

Class "A" materials shall be disposed by either (a) on-site destruction or removal and disposal in a suitable manner.

LABORATORY CHEMICALS

The procedures, equipment and packaging for clean up and removal of chemicals or contaminated soils are highly dependent on the nature of the chemicals and their existing state of containment. Government guidelines should be considered very rough unless specific evaluations have been conducted. The quantities used to calculate the incineration of bulk fuel, gasoline, other petroleum products is considered a conservative estimate. The disposal of propane have not been included in these estimates.

Based on Chemical inventory annexed to schedule "A" of the lease agreement;

Removal of pallets based on a cost of per pallet (air freight charter cost)

PCB Based on current known PCB inventory on site

Remove and dispose of PCBs based on a cost of ___ per kg

FUEL All bulk fuel removed from site by truck on winter road

Type 1 P-50 There are steel bulk

storage tanks on site. Current inventory is not known at this time. A conservative estimate of ... litres and a HIGH cost of per

litre has been used to calculate cost of removal.

Type 2 Gas There are steel storage

tanks. Current inventory not known. A conservative estimate of

million litres and a HIGH cost of per litre has been used to

calculate cost of removal

OIL All used lub-oil is to be incinerated on site

Type 1 Used Cost based on bbls () litres at a HIGH cost of per litre.

CONTAMINATED SOILS

• pcb contaminates @ per cu. m.

tank farm soil replacement @ per cu. m.

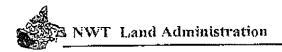
WATER MANAGEMENT COST ASSUMPTIONS

OBJECTIVE: Soil Sampling Program

Complete an inventory of the site. Allow includes report

Prepared by Gary Magee - DIAND - File Location: C:\RECLAIM_\Prairie_Creek_Reclamation_Costs_2.wpd

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MOBILIZATION/DEMOBILIZATION COST ASSUMPTIONS

OBJECTIVE: Mobilize Heavy Equipment

Re-open winter road to mine site lump sum @

OBJECTIVE: Mobilize Camp & Workers

- Mobilize camp < persons @ transportation in and out of camp trips each
- Mobilize workers < @ per day X man days
- Mobilize Misc Supplies X charters
 Mobilize & House Workers man days X

MONITORING AND MAINTENANCE COST ASSUMPTIONS

OBJECTIVE: Inspections

Visual Inspections Based on a cost of each

Water Sampling require each year at a cost of each

- Reporting Based on a high cost for - consultant, site visit & report of

OBJECTIVE: Maintenance

Security guard required @ per/month X months

Other Air charters - @

OBJECTIVE: Ongoing Monitoring and Maintenance

Allow years to monitor this site based on an annual cost of

COST ASSUMPTIONS

Summary No. 4

PRAIRIE CREEK AIRSTRIP

The Prairie Creek airstrip is a gravel surface. The length is metres with a width of metres. It will

Prepared by Gary Magee - DIAND - File Location; C;\RECLAIM_\Prairie_Creek_Rectamation_Costs_2.wpd

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NWT Land Administration

Mine Reclamation

handle DC-3 and Buffalo type aircraft. The surface area of the strip and the access roads to the airstrip is approximately hectares.

OBJECTIVE: SCARIFY & VEGETATE SITE

- Scarify the airstrip and existing road, re-establish drainage and vegetate site as required.
 - scarify @

per ha

- Vegetate @ high cost of

per na

OBJECTIVE: DISPOSE OF STATIONARY EQUIPMENT

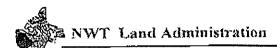
Decontaminate and dispose of equipment at airstrip lump sum

OBJECTIVE: REMOVE/MOTHBALL BUILDINGS

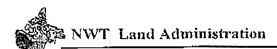
Tear down and burn wood buildings @ __m2

OBJECTIVE: CONTAMINATED SOILS

- Dispose of barrels of avgas @ per litre
- Remove and replace soil at fuel cache area @ per m3.



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Page 21 of 21



October 11, 2001

Canadian Zinc Corporation Environmental Assessments Response to Information Request

Information Request:

Date:

July 4, 2001

From:

Greg Yeoman, CPAWS-NWT

Subject:

Surface Lease 'Overhold Tenancy'

Objective:

To obtain information for the public registry on the legal mechanism by which

Canadian Zinc occupies the Prairie Creek minesite

Request:

We request that DIAND supply the following:

1) A definition and description, with specific reference to relevant legislation, of a surface lease in overhold tenancy.

- 2) A description of the legal mechanism by which Canadian Zinc occupies the Prairie Creek mine site, including the rights and responsibilities it grants, any conditions placed on their occupancy, the expiration date, and the process for renewal.
- 3) A description of why Canadian Zinc is in an overhold tenancy position.
- 4) A copy of the surface lease and/or overhold tenancy agreement for the Prairie Creek minesite, to be placed in the public registry.

Response:

CZN does not believe that the overholding tenancy status of the surface leases at Prairie Creek is relevant to the environmental assessments currently before the Review Board. However, recognizing the need of the Review Board to assess the relevance of this Information Request CZN, with the concurrence of DIAND, offers the following summarization of the status of the surface leases and the overholding tenancy issue.

Canadian Zinc currently occupies the area of the Prairie Creek minesite through several forms of tenure. Mineral claims and mining leases issued pursuant to the Canada Mining Regulations and Surface Leases issued pursuant to the Territorial Lands Regulations, each of which were promulgated subject to the Territorial Lands Act. Details of such land tenure were provided to the Review Board by Canadian Zinc in conjunction with previous submissions and placed on the Public Registry.



The surface lease component of the land tenure position is comprised of Lease No. 95F/10-7-2 covering the immediate of the area minesite and Lease No. 95F/10-5-3 covering the airstrip. The surface leases, which provide surface tenure, overlie a portion of Mineral Leases 2932 and 2931, which provide the mineral and mining rights. The surface leases are standard form lease documents which represent legal agreement between the Company and the Government of Canada as it relates to the use and occupancy of the specified area. The rights conferred by lease are as provided for under the Territorial Lands Act and Regulations.

The current leases were issued in the name of Procan Exploration Company Limited on November 12, 1987 and subsequently amended as in the name of Nanisivik Mines Ltd. on August 19, 1991. The Leases were subsequently assigned to San Andreas Resources Corporation on June 18, 1993 in conjunction with the purchase of the property. San Andreas Resources Corporation changed its name to Canadian Zinc Corporation on May 25, 1999. Again, such details have been previously provided by Canadian Zinc and placed on the Public Registry.

The surface leases were issued with an initial term of 10 years from April 1, 1987 to March 31, 1997, with provision for renewal for a further 10 years. A request for renewal was made by the Company on January 24, 1997. The Leases were subsequently placed in overholding tenancy with payment of the annual rental in 1997 pending preparation of renewal leases. By mutual consent, the leases have been allowed to remain in overholding tenancy since that time with the Company continuing to pay the annual rentals and maintain the leases in good standing. During this time the Company and DIAND have continued to actively negotiate in good faith as to the terms and conditions of the renewal leases as they specifically relate to the Company's ongoing care and maintenance activity and its goal to place the mine back in production in the near future.

Canadian Zinc is not in a position to provide a legal opinion as to the definition of "overholding tenancy" within the current legislative regime. However, an analogy has been expressed, which may be useful in helping reviewers understand the circumstances surrounding this subject, that it is similar to a situation where a tenant has rented an apartment for a specified length of time under a lease which has subsequently expired and the tenant and landlord have mutually agreed that the tenant may continue to occupy the premises by continuing to pay the agreed upon rent and meeting such other obligations as set out in the lease.

The surface leases are integral to the continued use and occupancy of the Prairie Creek minesite by Canadian Zinc. To the best of the Company's knowledge all of the terms and conditions of the leases have been complied with and the leases remain in good standing. It is the Company's intention to continue to maintain the leases in good standing in anticipation of and throughout active mining operations.

CZN does not believe it is appropriate or necessary to place the existing long standing and legally binding lease agreement on the Public Registry. Such agreements are typically considered commercially confidential. Other such legally binding agreements, such as the Prairie Creek Development Cooperation Agreement entered into between the Company and the Nahanni Butte Dene Band, are treated in a similar confidential manner.



By Fax: 1-867-920-4761

October 11, 2001

Mr. Louie Azzolini Environmental Assessment Officer Mackenzie Valley Environmental Impact Review Board PO Box 938, 200 Scotia Centre, 5102 – 50th Ave. Yellowknife, NT X1A 2N7

Dear Mr. Azzolini:

Re: Responses to Information Requests - Environmental Assessments - Prairie Creek Mine

- Phase II Mineral Exploration Drilling Program
 (Land Use Application MV 2001C0022; MVEIRB File EA01-003)
- Metallurgical Pilot Plant Program
 (Water Licence Application MV2001L2-0003; MVEIRB File EA01-002)
- Underground Decline and Exploration Drilling
 (Land Use Application MV2001C0023; MVEIRB File EA01-002)

In follow up to my teleconference call with yourself, Joe Acorn and Greg Yeóman of CPAWS on October 5, 2001, I am pleased to provide Canadian Zinc's responses to the two Information Requests directed to DIAND as submitted by CPAWS on July 4, 2001.

As agreed, I have contacted DIAND and discussed means by which the information necessary to adequately respond to these IR's may be provided to the Review Board. It is my understanding that DIAND's legal obligations under the Freedom of Information Act prevent direct disclosure of such information to a public body such as the MVEIRB. As a result, I have, with the concurrence of DIAND, taken the other alternative we discussed, that being to respond to these IR's directly.

It is my understanding, based on our discussions, that upon receipt of this information the Public Registry will remain open for one week, after which time it will be closed and the process brought to a timely conclusion as set out in the Work Plan. If there is any deviation from this, I would appreciate being notified at your earliest convenience.

Yours very truly,

CANADIAN ZINC CORPORATION

Original Signed By

J. Peter Campbell VP Project Affairs



October 11, 2001

Canadian Zinc Corporation Environmental Assessments Response to Information Request

Information Request:

Date:

July 4, 2001

From:

Greg Yeoman, CPAWS-NWT

Subject:

Draft Reclamation Costing Model for Prairie Creek Minesite

Objective:

To obtain information for the public registry on mitigation of environmental

impacts specific to the Prairie Creek mine.

Request:

For DIAND to place a copy of the Draft Reclamation Costing Model for Prairie Creek Minesite, and any subsequent versions of the report, in the

public registry.

Response:

CZN does not believe that the Draft Reclamation Costing Model requested to be placed on the Public Registry, or the cost information contained therein, are relevant to the environmental assessments currently before the Review Board.

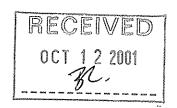
The referenced report consists of a preliminary mine reclamation cost estimate for the Prairie Creek mine prepared internally by DIAND in 1998. Four separate estimates based on different assumptions were created using the Reclaim V.3.1 reclamation cost-estimating model software program developed for DIAND. The estimates reflect conditions at the site in 1998 and bear no relation to activities proposed in the current development application before the Review Board for assessment.

The reclamation cost estimates so produced were an office exercise conducted at arms length from the property. CZN did not participate in the costing exercise and does not endorse the validity or agree with the accuracy of these estimates.

The reclamation cost estimate report contains calculations of costs to undertake specific aspects of reclamation activity considered necessary to reclaim the property from its present state back to as close to its original state as practical. These cost estimates, even though not agreed to by the Company, could be assumed by outsiders to reflect a financial liability to the Company. As such these costs and the calculations used to determine them must be considered commercially confidential.

However, recognizing the need of the Review Board to assess the relevance of this Information Request, CZN, with the concurrence of DIAND, is prepared to sanction release of the report with the confidential information excluded. Accordingly, a copy of the Prairie Creek Mine Reclamation Report with the costs and units of calculation whited-out is appended for review and placement on the Public Registry.





Fax Cover Sheet

Date:

October 11, 2001

To:

Louie Azzolini - MVEIRB

Fax:

1-867-920-4761

From:

Peter Campbell

Pages:

30 (including cover sheet)

Subject:

Response to CPAWS IR's

Louie:

As discussed, please find attached CZN's response to the CPAWS₄IR's originally directed to DIAND.

I will email you the cover letter and two IR response documents.

The reclamation costing model is available in hard copy only.

Regards,

Peter

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E-mail: peter@canadianzinc.com, Website: www.canadianzinc.com