

**Air Quality Issues** 





### **Outline**

1. Contaminant Loading

2. Incineration Management

Air Quality and Emissions Monitoring



### 1. Contaminant Loading

### **Contaminant Loading:**

 Contaminated dust (lead/zinc) depositing on land and water

#### Mine Site:

- Dust generated by mining activities
- Dust from materials handling
- Dust from mill and concentrate storage facilities
- •Wind-blown dust from mine surface

### **Transportation of concentrate:**

- Tracking along roads
- Concentrate spillage and escapement from bags on haul trucks



# **Contaminant Loading - Examples**

### **Red Dog Mine**

- •Elevated levels of metals (lead, zinc and cadmium) near mine site and haul road
- •Implemented mitigation strategies and monitoring program

#### **Pine Point Mine**

•Soil samples of railway bed exceed CCME Soil Quality Guidelines for lead and zinc



# **CZN Commitments - Contaminant Loading**

Section 5.2, Air Quality Assessment, DAR, Appendix 20

➤ Best Management Practices Plan to Control Fugitive Dust and Metals Emissions (BMPPCFDME)

Commitment to develop BMPPCFDME



# Recommendations – Contaminant Loading

### Contaminant Loading Management Plan

- Identify sources of contaminant loading;
- Identify mitigation approaches;
- Develop monitoring program;
  - Dustfall, speciation, soil and ice sampling
- Develop trigger/action levels;
- Develop adaptive management and contingency plans;
- •Submit annual reports:
  - Results of monitoring program;
  - Effectiveness of mitigation;
  - adaptive management/contingency employed
- Monthly data reports for at least the first year

Secondary containment on the trailers during transport of concentrate

### 2. Incineration Management

Improper incineration practices can lead to the release of bioaccumulative, persistent toxins to the air

- Dioxins and Furans
- Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)
- Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)

By the process of deposition, these toxins fall to the land and/or water

Adverse effects to water, sediment, fish, wildlife

The GNWT is a signatory to the Canada-wide Standards (CWS) for Dioxins and Furans



# **CZN Commitment - Incineration Management**

Section 5.3, Air Quality Assessment, DAR, Appendix 20

➤ Incineration Management Plan (IMP) outline.

Commitment to develop IMP



# **Recommendation - Incineration Management**

# Develop an Incineration Management Plan (IMP):

- Waste audit -- quantities and types of waste incinerated
- Selection of incineration technology
- Operational and maintenance records
- Operator training
- Incinerator ash disposal
- Annual Report

In accordance with Environment Canada's Technical Document for Batch Waste Incineration, 2010, and in consultation with ENR and EC



## 3. Air Quality and Emissions Monitoring

#### Emissions:

- Criteria Air Contaminants
  - $\bullet PM_{2.5}$  and  $PM_{10}$ ,  $NO_{x}$ ,  $O_{3}$ , CO,  $SO_{x}$
- •Site specific metals
  - •Pb, Zn

### Sources of Emissions

- Combustion and fugitive emissions from:
  - Power and heat generation
  - Mobile equipment
  - Process facility
  - Product handling



# **CZN Commitment - Air Quality and Emissions Monitoring**

Section 5.1, Monitoring Program and Mitigation and Adaptive Strategies (MPMAS) outline, DAR, Appendix 20

Commitment to develop MPMAS

### Including:

- Air Quality Monitoring Program (Section 5.1.2);
- Emissions Monitoring Program (Section 5.1.3);
- ■Fuel Use Summary (Section 5.1.4);
- •Mitigation and Adaptive Strategies (Section 5.1.5);
- Response Planning (5.1.6);
- ■Annual Report (Section 5.1.7).



## **Recommendations - Air Quality and Emissions Monitoring**

## Develop MPMAS in consultation with GNWT and EC

- Incorporate links to Contaminants Loading Management Plan
  - Dustfall and soil and ice sampling
- Emissions inventory
- Monitoring
  - Dustfall
  - Ambient particulate monitoring, with speciation
  - Passive monitoring for select Criteria Air Contaminants
- Mitigation measures
- Annual report

